To: Wright, Michael[Wright.Michael@epa.gov]
From: Crooks, Jennifer
Sent: Wed 4/8/2015 2:39:23 PM
Subject: RE: Call with EPA-Cincinnati, Office of Research and Development

Here is the February 2015 MOR.

http://cityofflint.com/wp-content/uploads/February-2015-MOR.pdf

Jennifer

From: Wright, Michael
Sent: Tuesday, April 07, 2015 4:33 PM
To: Crooks, Jennifer
Subject: RE: Call with EPA-Cincinnati, Office of Research and Development

Thanks a lot Jennifer. That update is really helpful. I'd also be interested in the March and April MORs if you have them.

Mike

J. Michael Wright, ScD
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
National Center for Environmental Assessment
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513 569 7922 (phone)
513 487 2539 (fax)

From: Crooks, Jennifer
Sent: Tuesday, April 07, 2015 5:17 PM
To: Wright, Michael
Cc: Lytle, Darren

Subject: Call with EPA-Cincinnati, Office of Research and Development

Mike—FYI--below are the notes from our call with Darren Lytle last week about legionella. The email is to Mike Prysby, the District Engineer at MDEQ, who works with Flint. These are a couple of items Darren asked for.

Jennifer Crooks

312.886.0244

From: Crooks, Jennifer
Sent: Tuesday, March 31, 2015 2:31 PM
To: Prysby, Mike (DEQ); Busch, Stephen (DEQ)
Cc: Thomas Poy; Bair, Rita; Damato, Nicholas; Murphy, Thomas; Shoven, Heather; Kuefler, Janet; Deltoral, Miguel
Subject: Call with EPA-Cincinnati, Office of Research and Development

Mike (Prysby-MDEQ)—below are the notes from the call we had last week regarding Legionella, as we discussed. You also mentioned that I should remind you to:

1. check with Mike Glasgow at Flint (Water Treatment Plant) to ask about their flushing strategy; what types of flushing they are conducting; and

2. that you will send me the March MOR when you receive it in April (from Flint). (Kris Donaldson from Warren office sent me the March 2014 MOR for Flint w/Detroit water.)

Both of these items above were discussed by Darren Lytle; that these documents will provide him basic data about the Flint water system.

Thank you!

Jennifer Crooks

Michigan Program Manager

Ground Water and Drinking Water Branch

312.886.0244

Summary:

Last Thursday, March 26, we talked with Darren Lytle, Acting Chief of the Treatment Technology Evaluation Branch at EPA-Cincinnati, Office of Research and Development. Also in attendance was Simoni Triantafyllidou, a post-doctoral fellow working with Darren. Tom Poy, Nick Damato, Janet Kuefler, Miguel, and Jennifer were also in attendance.

Tom Poy summarized for Darren and Simoni what has occurred with the Flint drinking water since April 2014 when the change over from Detroit to Flint River water occurred, including the violations Flint has incurred since then. Miguel said that we don't know if Flint has a lead problem at this time. Due to findings by Genessee County Health Dept. that there has been an increase in the incidence of Legionella since April 2014, Genessee CHD has FOIA'd the City of Flint for operational data.

Darren talked about several treatments they have done for Legionella in 2 hospitals. The first treatment used copper/silver ions for disinfection. They did sampling at 10 locations, took water quality parameters and took microbiological samples. But they shut down the treatment due to staining of toilets on the cold water side. They did turn the treatment back on, only on the hot water side. The second treatment is a monochloramine system in the hot water feed, but the secondary effects are nitrification.

Darren said they have been doing studies for Homeland Security, collecting sediments at the bottom of storage tanks. He is finding high concentrations of Legionella in the bottom of the tanks.

Darren said anytime there is a treatment change, issues arise with the drinking water quality. Thus, what does this do to the transport of organisms like Legionella? Does is cause organisms to desorb and go into solution? The changes in water chemistry change these organisms electrostatically, and the biofilms with the distribution system pipes are disrupted and de-stabilize. Thus, different contaminants can be released. So maybe this isn't happening in people's homes; but it is happening in the distribution system pipes.

Darren thought that the incidence of Legionella must be fairly extensive for the CHD to notice and study.

We talked about the pathogen, Legionella. Simoni said that Legionella is everywhere; it is a group of opportunistic pathogens; meaning that it looks for high risk/immunocompromised hosts to infect. It may infect others but not show signs of disease because their immune system is working properly. Simoni was interested in knowing where are these cases of Legionella occurring? The background information/data is important in a study of the incidence of Legionella. Jen said she would gather data from past use of Detroit water (March 2014 monthly operation report-MOR), and recent MORs from use of Flint River water, and TTHM levels since April 2014. Tom Poy said that the Dept of Community Health is communicating with the Genessee CHD regarding their findings on Legionella.

Miguel said that extensive flushing is going on in Flint to address stagnant water that fosters bacti problems and TTHM development. But, stirring up the distribution system lines with flushing is stirring up the sediment in the pipes, and then causes a large chlorine demand, thus decreasing the chlorine residual which could promote the growth of bacteria, such as Legionella. Chlorine residual will come back gradually, though. Jen said she would check in with the State to find out the details of Flint's flushing program; is it unidirectional for example?

Darren asked, How can we help? He offered to conduct sampling and analyses for Legionella when it is needed. Tom Poy said the State is currently figuring out a communication-with-the-public plan. Mike Wright is the HQ-ORD DDBP expert and he is helping with the TTHM health effects issue. Tom Poy said that we are laying a foundation now with resources for when the State goes public with the issue of Legionella. Darren said that the labs are set-up now ready for Legionella sampling and analyses. Mark Rodgers is the Chief of the Microbial Contamination Branch at EPA-Cincinnati, ORD.

Darren is doing a RARE project in Region 3 on Legionella. EPA could work on the DNA to determine if the Legionella infecting people is from the distribution system. Type 1 Legionella causes disease, but other forms of Legionella do not cause disease. But Darren said, we must identify the source of the Legionella first.

Miguel said that we must look at the overall picture, i.e. is the system causing this increased incidence of Legionella disease? Darren said that first, we must find the source—is Legionella there? If Legionella is present, in the tanks/pipes, then disturbance of changing the water quality and flushing, could cause it to proliferate.

END