Message

From: LEE, LILY [/O=EXCHANGELABS/OU=EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=D6085A744F9347E6836C54C0E85B97B2-LLEE06]
Sent: 10/24/2018 7:08:26 PM
To: Lane, Jackie [Lane.Jackie@epa.gov]; Clancy, Maeve [Clancy.Maeve@epa.gov]; Chesnutt, John [Chesnutt.John@epa.gov]; Yogi, David [Yogi.David@epa.gov]; Soledad Calvino [calvino.maria@epa.gov]
Subject: From Linda Parker Pennington - FW: San Francisco Bay View » New reports show the entire Hunters Point Shipyard, one of the most toxic sites in the US, is likely to be radioactively contaminated

Begin forwarded message:

From: Ahimsa Porter Sumchai MD Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)
Date: October 24, 2018 at 10:05:35 AM PDT
To: Linda Parker Pennington Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)
Cc: Herrera.Angeles@epa.gov, hage.christopher@epa.gov, Frederick Jordan Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP), Toma's Aragon Navy Tour <tomas.aragon@sfdph.org>
Subject: Re: San Francisco Bay View » New reports show the entire Hunters Point Shipyard, one of the most toxic sites in the US, is likely to be radioactively contaminated

I am so proud of your leadership on this issue!

On Oct 24, 2018, at 9:31 AM, Linda Parker Pennington Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP) wrote:

Ms. Angeles Herrera
Assistant Director, Superfund Division, US EPA Region 9

Mr. Christopher L. Hage
Sr. Advisor to the Regional Administrator Region 9

copy to Tomas Aragon, Health Officer of the City and County of San Francisco

Good morning Ms. Herrera and Mr. Hage,
I wanted to thank you for the generosity of your time yesterday at the San Francisco EPA offices, and for listening to my frank perspective as a homeowner at the SF Shipyard since June 2015. I thought I'd forward to you this latest news article that includes Dan Hirsch's report on the Shipyard cleanup, and well summarizes what leads to the state of high concern that we have as homeowners and residents in the Bayview.

And to document briefly what agreements were made yesterday on our next steps, I am expecting answers to the following questions, asked several times of the Navy and CDPH representatives who've met with homeowners at the Shipyard, and residents at the CAC meeting over the last few months. These questions are all relative to Parcel A, where we currently live, and where the deck marker was discovered 3 weeks ago.
1) When will soil samples from private backyard areas be tested?
2) When will samples of the residue on our windows and windowsills be tested for contamination?
3) When will we be assured that the soil underneath our homes is safe and not containing toxins about an acceptable level? That includes the soil immediately surrounding our homes and under garages that are several feet below street level?
4) What is the background level that is being used as the baseline to determine acceptable levels of toxicity, both the one used in previous testing by Tetra Tech, and the background now being used for retesting of Parcel A?

5) What is the cleanup plan if unacceptable radiation or other toxic substances are found at unacceptable levels? And further, how do we ensure the health safety of those currently living and working at the Shipyard through a cleanup process?

I am anticipating having these questions answered in writing within the next few weeks. I would also like to ask that these questions be addressed publicly with **all Shipyard homeowners and Bayview residents at your earliest opportunity.**

Finally, I think it is worth noting that a sense of urgency about this situation does not seem to be in evidence with any of the public agencies we've been meeting with (the Navy, the CDPH, the EPA or even the appointed Citizens Advisory Committee's Environmental and Land Reuse Subcommittee). The level of frustration and lack of trust felt by Shipyard and Bayview residents cannot be overestimated. It behooves you as representatives of the EPA to ensure that all agencies involved in creating this very real health risk and public relations disaster show both transparency and urgency in addressing our questions and concerns. This is essential to restoring public trust.

Again, thank you for your time. I have copied Fred Jordan of the San Francisco African American Chamber of Commerce, whom you met with prior to our meeting. Fred and I will be staying in touch on these matters.

I look forward to your response, both to these immediate questions, and to the larger issue of communicating with full transparency to all Shipyard and Bayview residents so that we can feel safer in our homes.

Respectfully submitted,

Linda Parker Pennington
SF Shipyard Homeowner

me

Linda Parker Pennington

Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)

CEO and Founder
Parker Pennington Enterprises, LLC
"Taking visionary leaders and their teams from good to great"

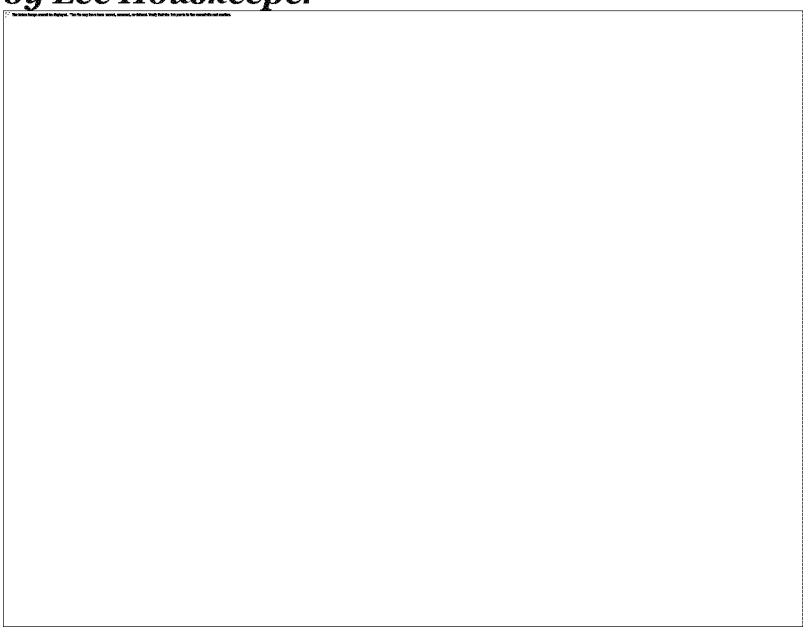
Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)

---------- Forwarded message ---------
From: **Lee Houskeeper** Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)
Date: Wed, Oct 24, 2018 at 8:31 AM
Subject: San Francisco Bay View » New reports show the entire Hunters Point Shipyard, one of the most toxic sites in the US, is likely to be radioactively contaminated
To:

http://sfbayview.com/2018/10/new-reports-show-the-entire-hunters-point-shipyard-one-of-the-most-toxic-sites-in-the-us-is-likely-to-be-radioactively-contaminated/

New reports show the entire Hunters Point Shipyard, one of the most toxic sites in the US, is likely to be radioactively contaminated

October 23, 2018
by Lee Houskeeper



This is the source of the massive radioactive contamination at the Hunters Point Shipyard. One of a series of nuclear bomb tests on atolls in the South Pacific called Operation Crossroads, this blast is known as Shot Baker. Seventy-nine ships deployed around this blast and others, from the Navy's "mothball" fleet, were towed to the shipyard to be "cleaned." Instead, the Navy's futile attempts to clean them contaminated the entire shipyard. – Photo: Army Photographic Signal Corps

Daniel Hirsch, president of the nonprofit Committee to Bridge the Gap and former director of the Program on Environmental and Nuclear Policy at the University of California Santa Cruz, spoke with the press in advance of a community presentation at Hunters Point Shipyard. Many Shipyard residents have been frustrated with what they feel are less than forthcoming answers from the Navy and regulatory agencies regarding the radioactive contamination at the Shipyard. Hirsch presented independent research and information on Hunters Point, including two new reports he and his colleagues at Committee to Bridge the Gap are releasing.

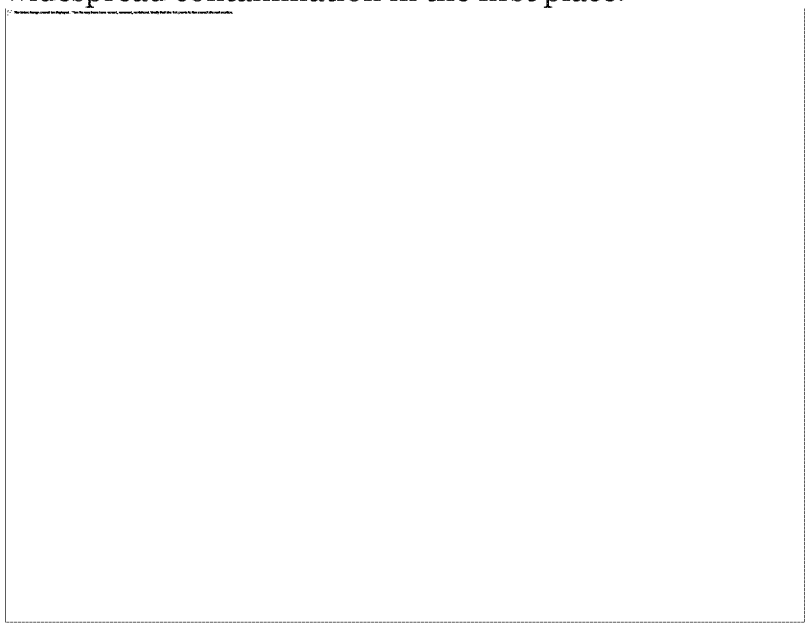
First report: Radioactive work at Hunters Point

Key conclusions: The extent of radioactive activities at Hunters Point was far greater than the public has been led to believe. A wide array of radionuclides, numbering in the dozens, was involved, often in extremely large quantities.

No portion of Hunters Point can be deemed non-impacted, since the radioactivity was susceptible to widespread migration throughout the site.

Effective cleanup will be a massive undertaking, requiring a level of

diligence far greater than that which has been demonstrated by the Navy to date, whose poor environmental and safety practices led to the widespread contamination in the first place.



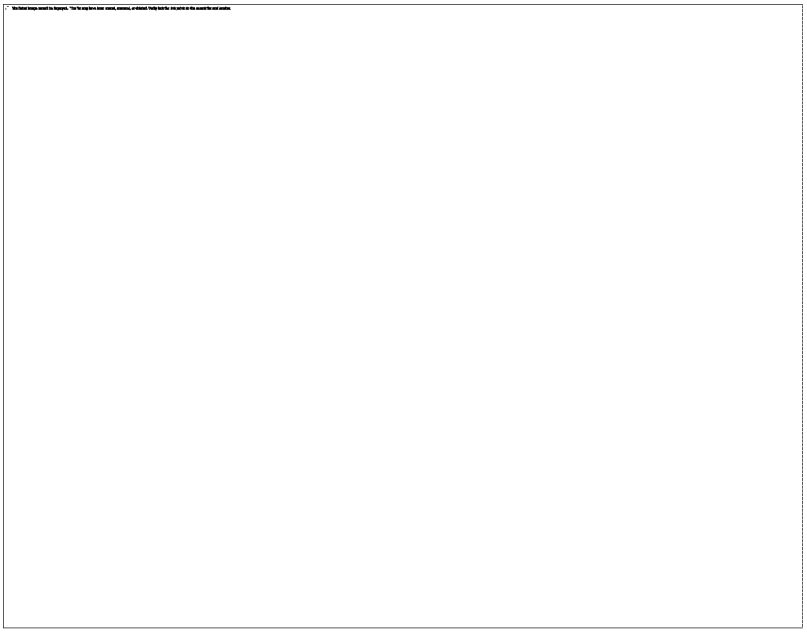
This is the USS Independence, a huge aircraft carrier, after being exposed to an atomic bomb test. Note the two sailors at the far right. Not only is the ship badly damaged, but it's highly radioactive. – Photo: NARA

Second report: The majority of Hunters Point sites were never sampled for radioactive contamination

The public would reasonably think that sampling of soil and other materials for radioactive contamination had been performed across the whole Hunters Point Shipyard (HPS) site, and with numbers of samples and techniques sufficient to have high confidence that potential contamination was not overlooked.
In fact, the Navy decided to exempt approximately 90 percent of the locations (792 of 883 HPS sites) at Hunters Point from any soil sampling or building measurements.

No sampling conducted for the great majority of radionuclides

In addition to not sampling the great majority of HPS at all, what sampling was done did not include measurements for the great majority of radionuclides of concern. No cleanup levels were established for them, thus allowing unlimited levels of contamination if present.



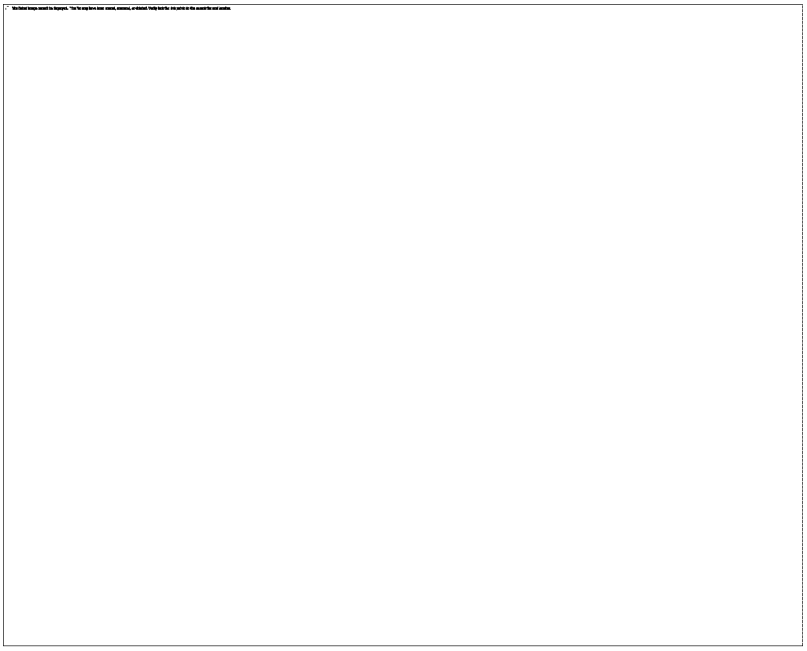
Even in the 1940s, the Navy knew the danger of a radioactive ship. This is the USS Independence anchored at the Hunters Point Shipyard, where attempts were made to decontaminate the irradiated ships. – Photo: NARA

Furthermore, most soil measurements did not even include the most critical radionuclides like strontium-90 and plutonium-239.

In the 2004 Historical Radiological Assessment (HRA) the Navy identified 108 radionuclides used at HPS. The HRA then reduced the list of 108 radionuclides used at HPS to 33 radionuclides of concern.

Despite over a hundred radionuclides identified as having been used at HPS and 33 deemed in the HRA to be "radionuclides of concern," during actual sampling and cleanup, however, only a few radionuclides were considered. For example, the Navy now claims that there are only three or four radionuclides of concern in Parcel G and sets cleanup standards only for those.

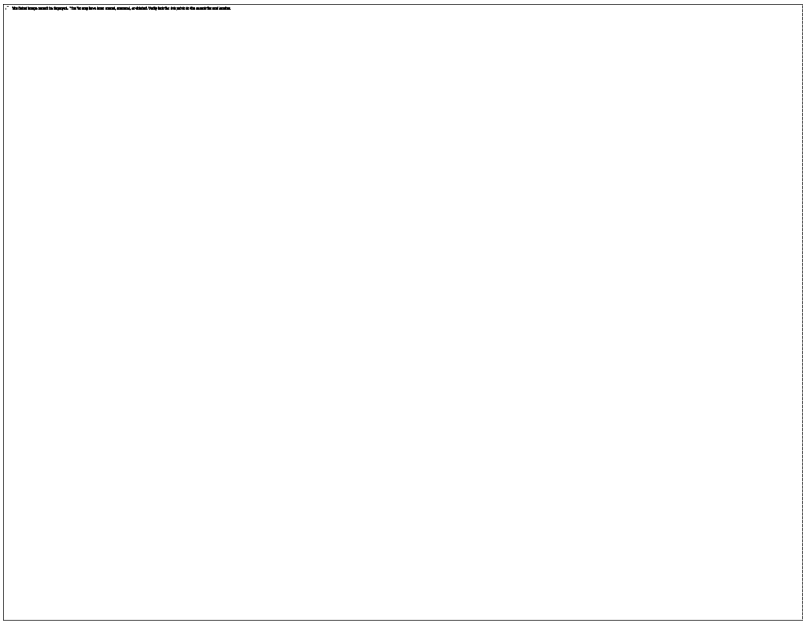
Background measurements taken from potentially contaminated areas



Crude efforts to decontaminate the radioactive fleet at sea proved futile. These sailors can never make this battleship, the USS Prinz Eugene, captured from the Germans, clean and safe. It was so radioactive it was later sunk. – Photo: NARA

To know if measurements taken at Hunters Point represent contamination, it must first be known how much radioactivity there is in local "background" – the level of naturally occurring radionuclides and global fallout, i.e., how much radioactivity there would be if the Navy had never been there. The Multi-Agency Radiological Survey and Site Investigation Manual (MARSSIM), which contractors employed by the Navy are supposed to follow, defines a non-impacted area as "an area where there is no reasonable possibility (extremely low probability) of residual contamination."

These areas determined to be non-impacted, if truly free from any contamination, can reasonably be used for background reference areas. What has been and continues to be done at HPS, however, is to use locations in the midst of the contaminated Superfund site for background, areas that have a significant likelihood of being radiologically contaminated themselves, but were inappropriately labeled as "non-impacted."



Sandblasting became the favored method of reducing the contamination of the ships – while spreading its radioactivity around the shipyard. The shiny irradiated sand – called "black beauty sand" by the children of Hunters Point, who liked to play in it – was used to pave walkways and sideroads around the shipyard. – Photo: Fritz Goro, Life Magazine

Having not sampled the great majority of Hunters Point sites and for the great majority of the radionuclides of concern, and inflating background values, Tetra Tech nonetheless appears to have fabricated or falsified readings from 90-97 percent of the HPS survey units that were measured according to the EPA.

In summary, the great majority of Hunters Point soil was never sampled and what samples were taken ignored the great majority of the radionuclides of concern, with unlimited contamination levels allowed without requiring cleanup. Only a tiny fraction of HPS and the radionuclides of concern were subject to sampling, and only a tiny fraction of those samples are free of evidence of fabrication.

Essentially, none of the entire HPS radiological cleanup endeavor to date can be relied upon to assure protection of the public.

Contact Lee Houskeeper of San Francisco Stories at Newsservice@aol.com.

Read the entire reports and a presentation that amply demonstrates the history and the present state of radioactivity at the Hunters Point Shipyard:

- Report 1: Hunters Point Naval Shipyard: The Nuclear Arms Race Comes Home– Oct. 18, 2018
- Report 2: The Great Majority of Hunters Point Sites Were Never Sampled for Radioactive Contamination — And the Testing That Was Performed Was Deeply Flawed– Oct. 18, 2018
- Hunters Point Community Presentation 10-18-18 This presentation – extremely clear, well illustrated and easy to understand – should be seen by everyone with an interest in or contact with the Hunters Point Naval Shipyard.

Lee Houskeeper
San Francisco Stories

Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)