To: Lombardi, Marc[Marc.Lombardi@amecfw.com]; Doug Carey[douglas.carey@waterboards.ca.gov]
Cc: Greg Reller[gr@burlesonconsulting.com]; Cory Koger[Cory.S.Koger@usace.army.mil]; Riley, Gary[riley.gary@epa.gov]
From: Deschambault, Lynda
Sent: Tue 1/24/2017 11:39:49 PM
Subject: RE: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

Thanks Marc,

When were you up there last, and when do you expect to visit next for your monthly visit?

Copying Doug,

Same question: When were you up there last, and when do you expect to visit next for your monthly visit?

Lynda

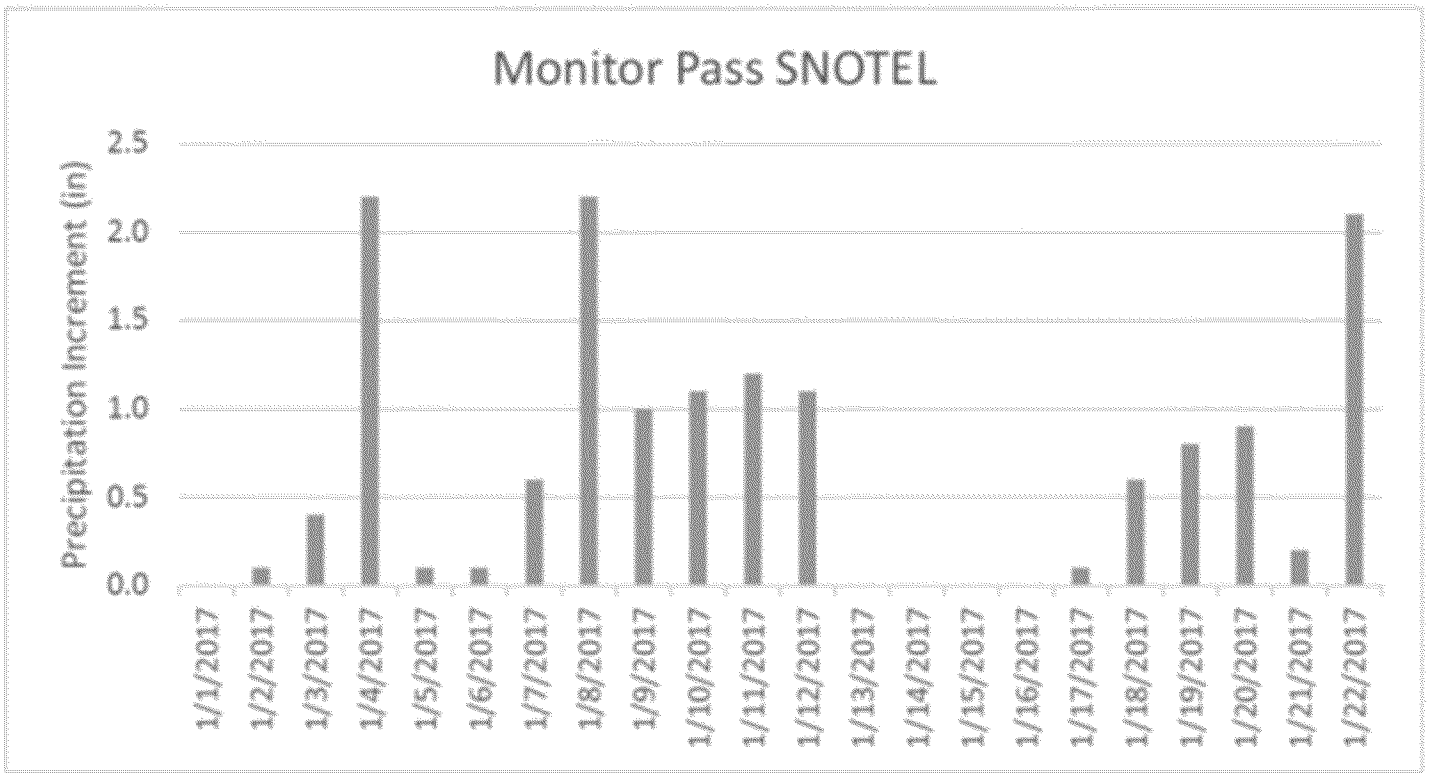
From: Lombardi, Marc [mailto:Marc.Lombardi@amecfw.com]
Sent: Tuesday, January 24, 2017 1:23 PM
To: Deschambault, Lynda <Deschambault.Lynda@epa.gov>; Riley, Gary <riley.gary@epa.gov>
Cc: Brown, Anthony R (RM) <anthony.brown@bp.com>; Sanchez, Yolanda <Sanchez.Yolanda@epa.gov>; Greg Reller <gr@burlesonconsulting.com>; Cohen, Adam <Adam.Cohen@dgslaw.com>
Subject: RE: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

Gary / Lynda,

Below is a summary of observations of precipitation at Monitor Pass, and streamflow and water quality for Leviathan Creek at Station 15 for approximately the first three weeks of January 2017.

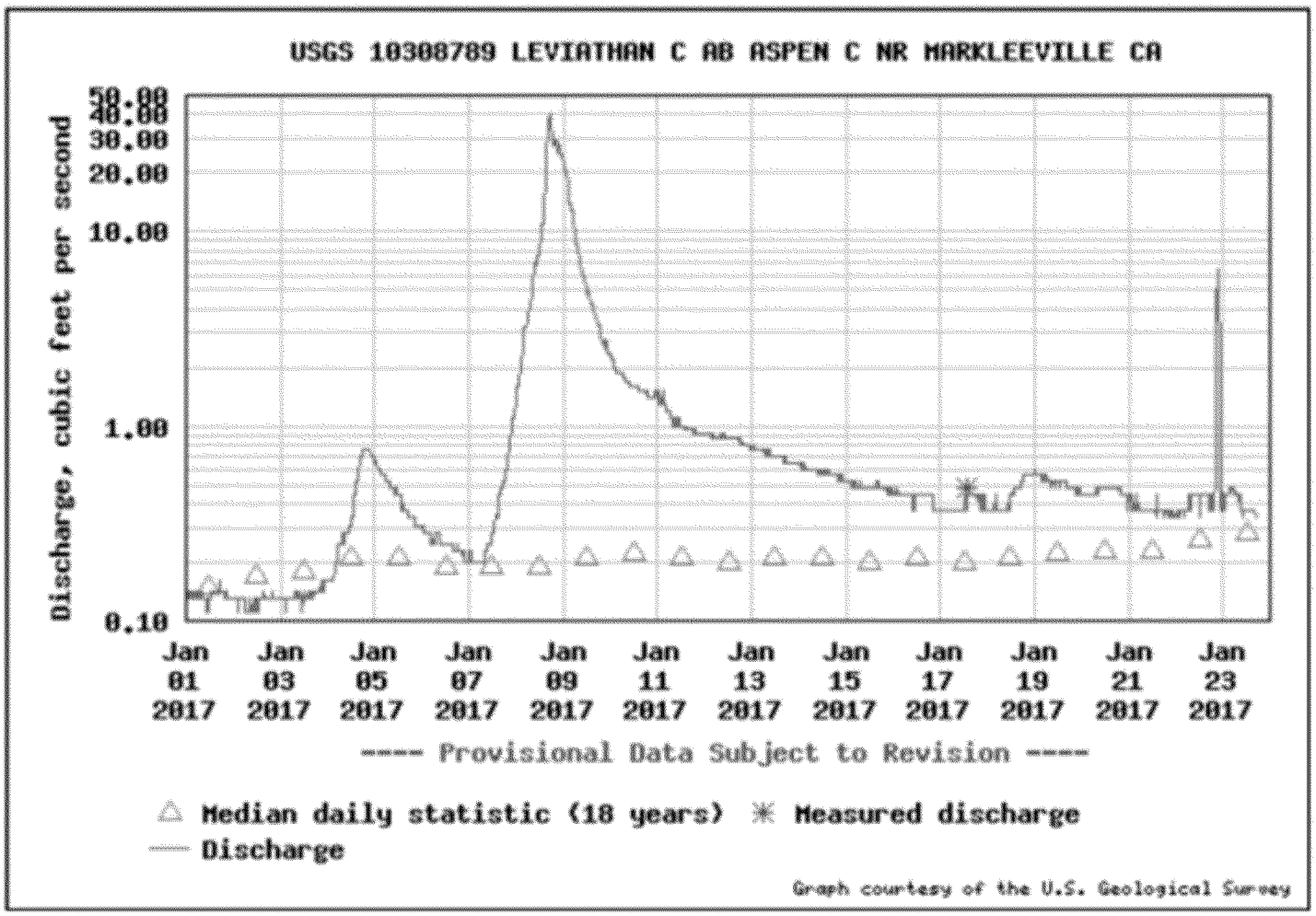
Precipitation

Precipitation measured by the Monitor Pass SNOTEL station shows that precipitation fell most days, with more than 2 inches falling on three days and 1 inch or more falling on an additional 4 days of this 22 day period. The cumulative precipitation during this period is 14.8 inches.



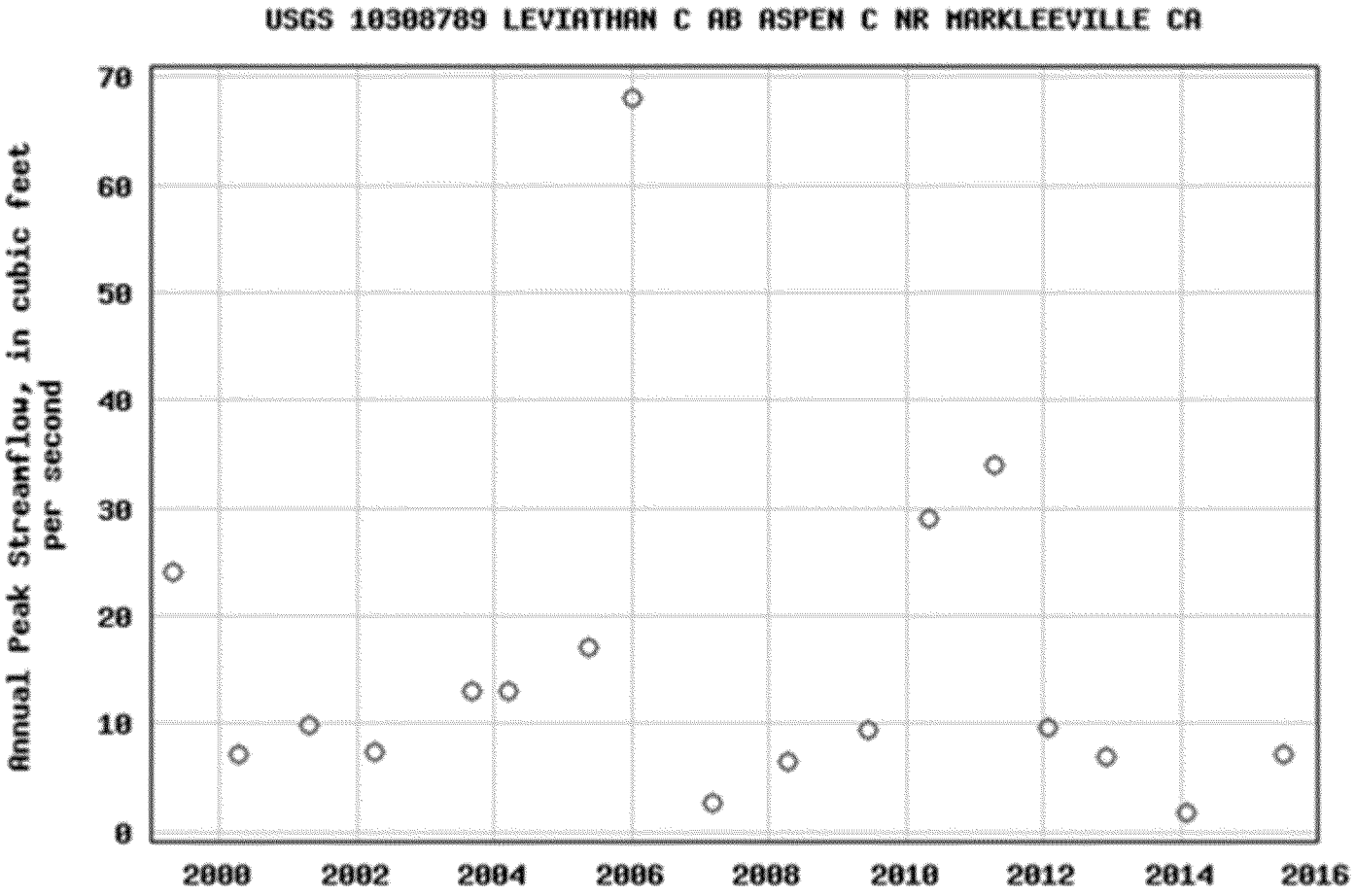
Streamflow

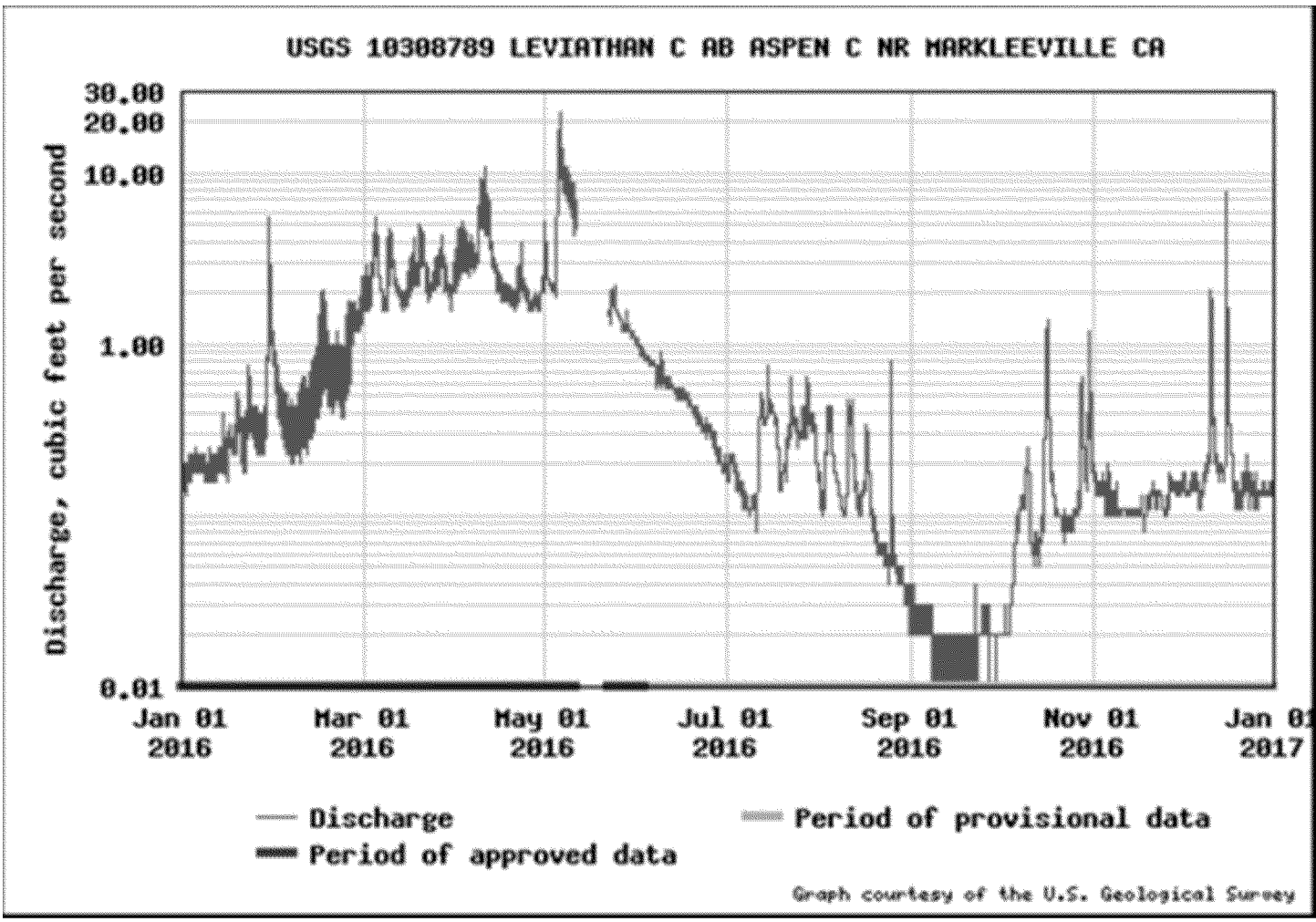
Streamflow in Leviathan Creek is measured at Station 15, the USGS gaging station downstream of the beaver dam/pond complex but upstream of the confluence with Aspen Creek. Three relatively high flow events correspond with the >2 inch precipitation events. The first, on January 4, had a peak flow of approximately 0.8 cubic feet per second (cfs) or approximately 360 gallons per minute (gpm). This relatively small flowrate appears as a peak because it was substantially higher than the flowrate before or after the event, and because flowrate is plotted on a log scale. The second, on January 8, had a much higher flowrate of approximately 40 cfs (~17,950 gpm). The third, on January 22, had a peak flowrate of approximately 7 cfs (~3,140 gpm).



The January 8 high flow event is the second largest flow event recorded at this site. The largest flow, 68 cfs (~30,520 gpm), was measured on December 31, 2005.

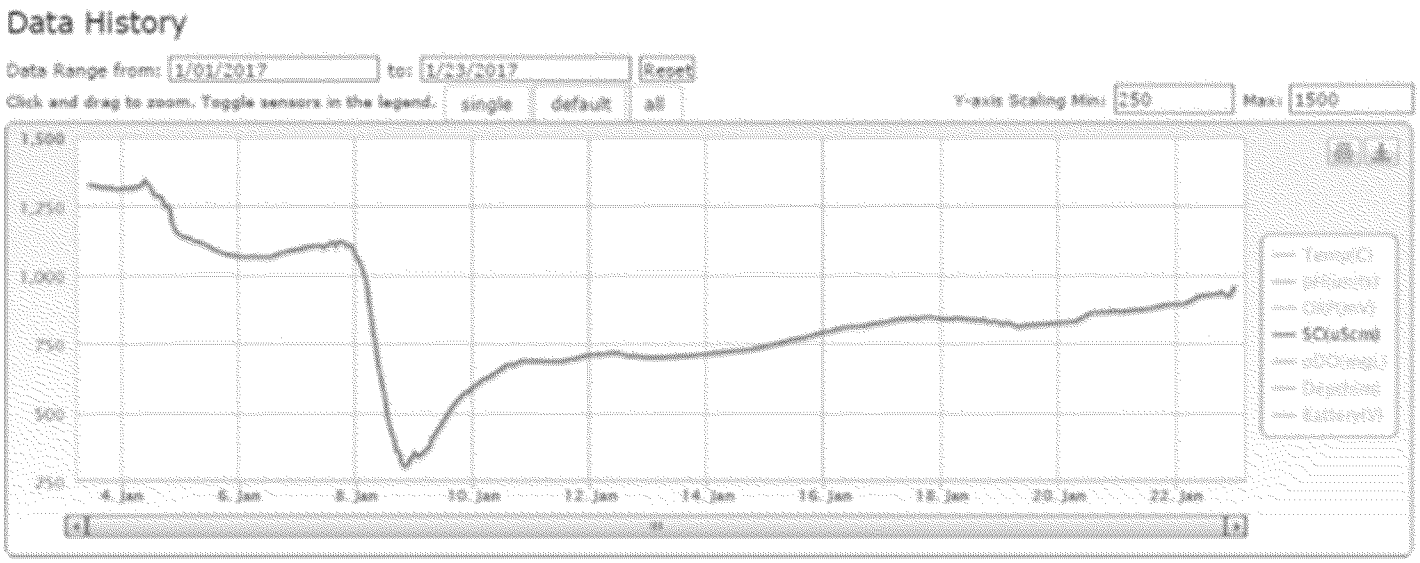
Other relatively large flowrates >20 cfs (>8,975 gpm) occurred in 1999, 2010, 2011, and 2016.


USGS 10308789 LEVIATHAN C AB ASPEN C NR MARKLEEVILLE CA
Annual Peak Streamflow, in cubic feet per second
0
10
20
30
40
50
60
70
2000
2002
2004
2006
2008
2010
2012
2014
2016

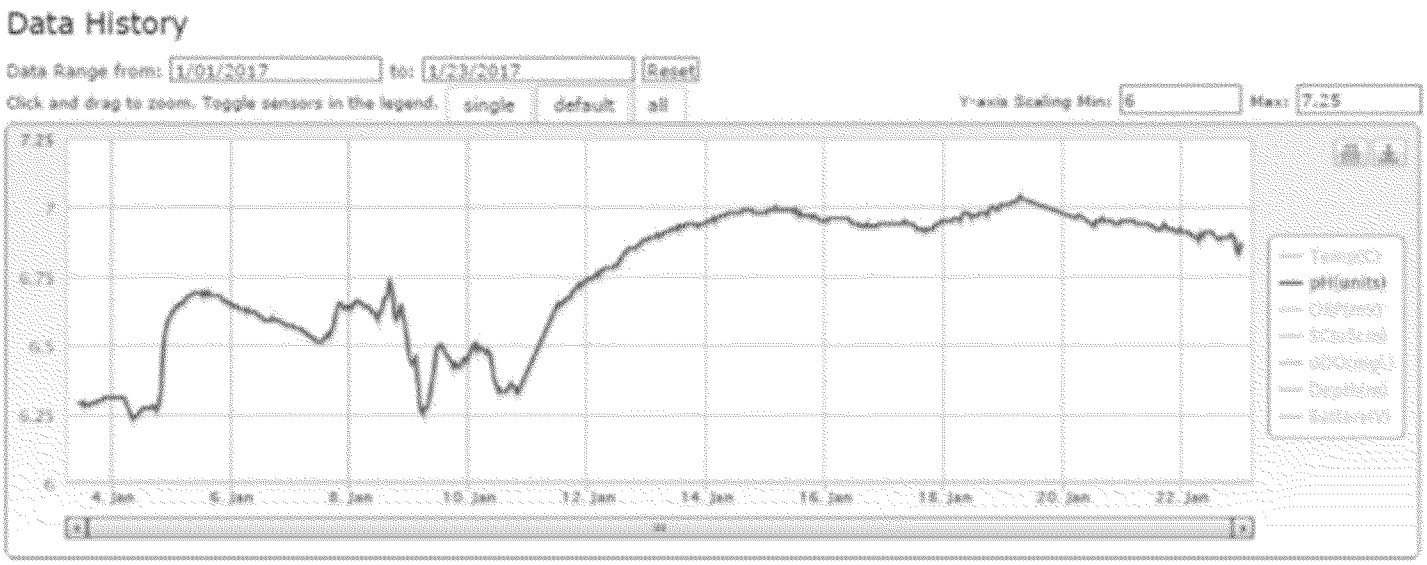


Water Quality

Water quality parameters specific conductance and pH (as well as other parameters) are measured by U.S. EPA's water quality monitor adjacent to the streamflow station. SC values showed an abrupt decline from approximately 1300 to 1100 uS/cm that corresponded with the first (~0.8 cfs) peak flow event; an abrupt decline from approximately 1,100 to 300 uS/cm that corresponded with the second (40 cfs) peak flow event, followed by an increase to about 900 uS/cm. SC did not show a significant change in conjunction with the third peak flow event (~7 cfs).



pH is a measure of the acid – alkaline condition of water. The pH in early January was ~6.25 standard units. Similar to SC, pH values changed abruptly in conjunction with the first two peak flow events. pH increased from about 6.25 to 6.7 in conjunction with the first peak flow event (~0.8 cfs), and then gradually declined over several days to about 6.5. The pH response during the second peak flow event (40 cfs) was more complicated; an initial increase to 6.75, a decline to 6.25, increase to about 6.5, and then a decline to about 6.3. Beginning late January 10, pH gradually increased to approximately 7 on January 19, and then drifted downward slightly to approximately 6.8 to 6.9 by January 22. There was a small (<0.1 unit) pH response in conjunction with the third peak flow event (7 cfs). Note that the scale of the graph makes these relatively small changes – a few tenths of a pH unit – appear more dramatic than they actually are.



If you have any questions or comments, please contact Tony Brown at (714) 228-6770 or anthony.brown@bp.com.

Thanks,

Marc

Marc R. Lombardi, CEM, PG

Principal Geologist / Office Manager, Environment & Infrastructure Americas, Amec Foster Wheeler

10940 White Rock Road, Suite 190, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670, USA

D (916) 853-8903 M (916) 302-6326

marc.lombardi@amecfw.com amecfw.com

From: Deschambault, Lynda [mailto:Deschambault.Lynda@epa.gov]
Sent: Monday, January 23, 2017 2:58 PM
To: Brown, Anthony R (RM) (anthony.brown@bp.com) <anthony.brown@bp.com>

Cc: Lombardi, Marc <Marc.Lombardi@amecfw.com>; Greg Reller <gr@burlesonconsulting.com>; Riley, Gary <riley.gary@epa.gov>; Sanchez, Yolanda <Sanchez.Yolanda@epa.gov>
Subject: FW: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

This is the nice summary that I was referencing----

Could we get this updated by end of day tomorrow---with a similar report on the past week or two ?

As noted, we are traveling on Wednesday---and the Tribe would like a summary presentation from Gary on this topic at our 8am Friday meeting.

Lynda

From: Deschambault, Lynda
Sent: Wednesday, January 11, 2017 4:01 PM
To: Darrel Cruz 2 <Darrel.Cruz@washoetribe.us>; Darrel Cruz 1; Michelle Hochrein <Michelle.Hochrein@washoetribe.us>
Cc: Gary Riley <Riley.Gary@epa.gov>; 'Brown, Anthony R (RM)' <anthony.brown@bp.com>; Lombardi, Marc (marc.lombardi@amecfw.com) <marc.lombardi@amecfw.com>
Subject: FW: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

Hello,

As you know there has been a LOT of precipitation.

Below is what we received from Atlantic Richfield regarding their oversight and monitoring of the situation.

I'll also send the latest site visit, and webcam photos!

Lynda

From: Lombardi, Marc [mailto:Marc.Lombardi@amecfw.com]
Sent: Monday, January 09, 2017 10:49 AM
To: Riley, Gary <riley.gary@epa.gov>; Deschambault, Lynda <Deschambault.Lynda@epa.gov>; Greg Reller <gr@burlesonconsulting.com>
Cc: Brown, Anthony R (RM) <anthony.brown@bp.com>; Cohen, Adam <Adam.Cohen@dgslaw.com>
Subject: FW: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

Gary / Lynda,

Below is a summary of observations of precipitation at Monitor Pass, and streamflow and water quality for Leviathan Creek at Station 15, based on data available 0900 January 9, 2017.

Thanks,

Marc

Marc R. Lombardi, CEM, PG

Principal Geologist / Office Manager, Environment & Infrastructure Americas, Amec Foster Wheeler

10940 White Rock Road, Suite 190, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670, USA

D (916) 853-8903 M (916) 302-6326

marc.lombardi@amecfw.com amecfw.com

From: Lombardi, Marc
Sent: Monday, January 09, 2017 10:37 AM

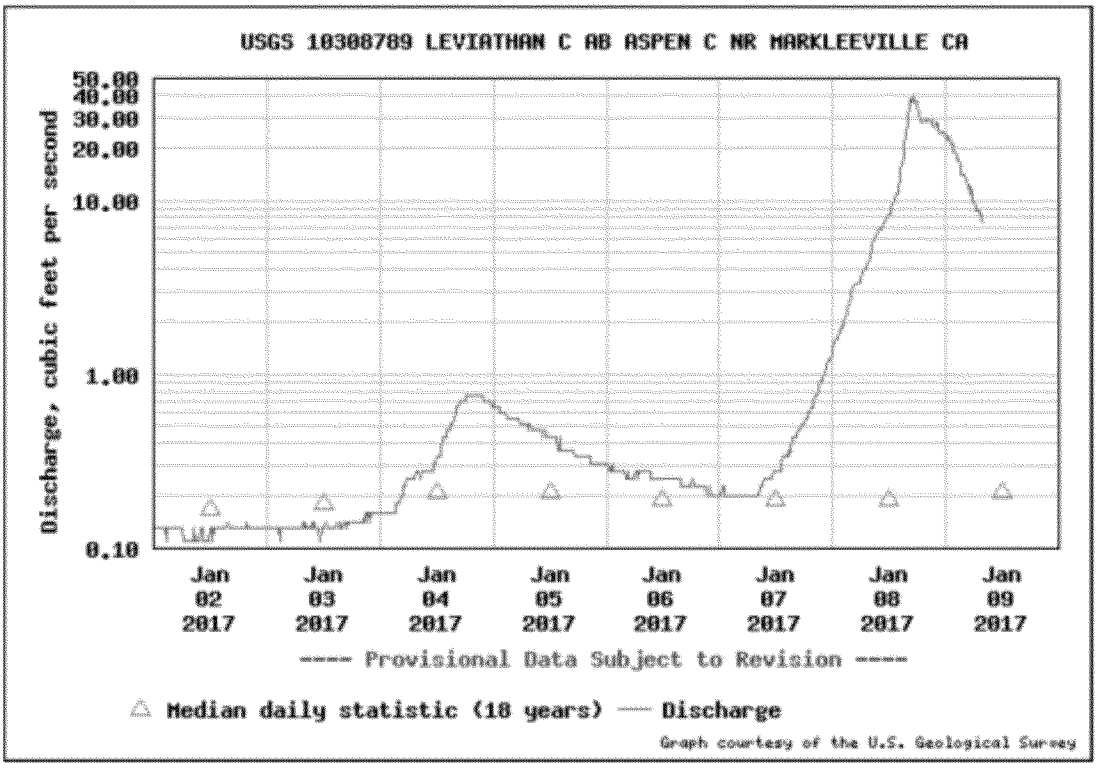
To: Brown, Anthony R (RM) <anthony.brown@bp.com>
Cc: Cohen, Adam <Adam.Cohen@dgslaw.com>
Subject: Leviathan Mine - OW - El Nino Monitoring January 7-9, 2017

Tony,

Below is a summary of observations of precipitation at Monitor Pass, and streamflow and water quality for Leviathan Creek at Station 15, based on data available 0900 January 9, 2017.

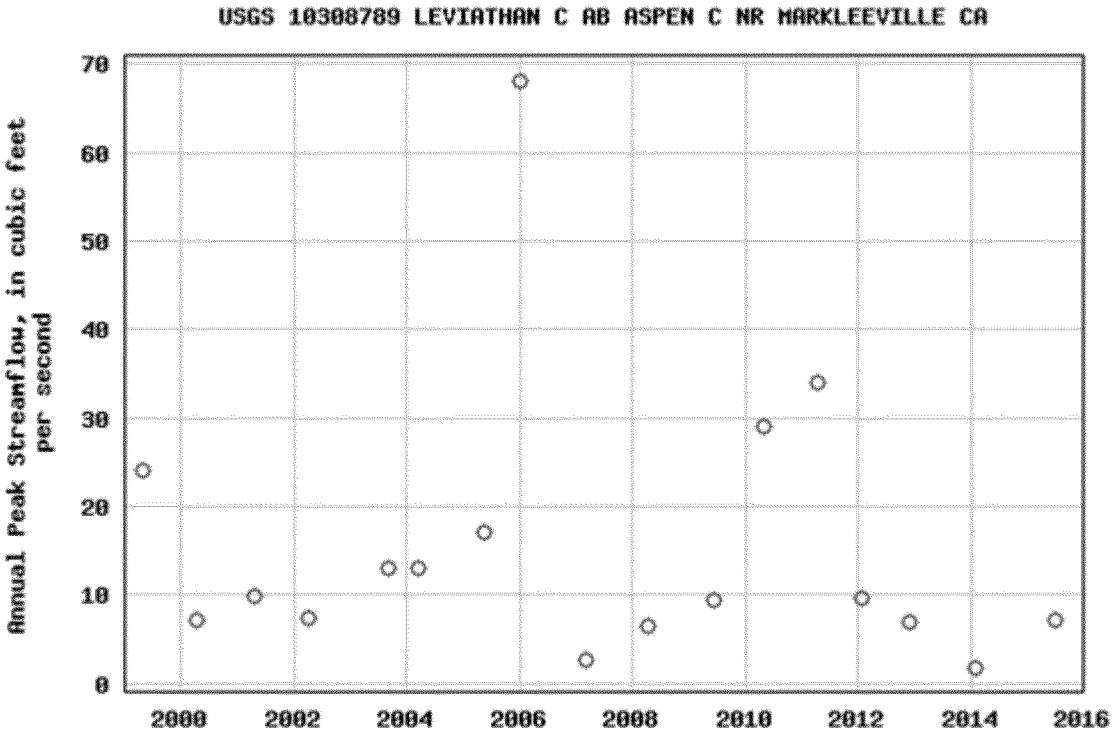
Precipitation at the Monitor Pass SNOTEL station began approximately 0700 January 7. By 0900 January 9, 2.9 inches (as liquid water) of precipitation were measured.

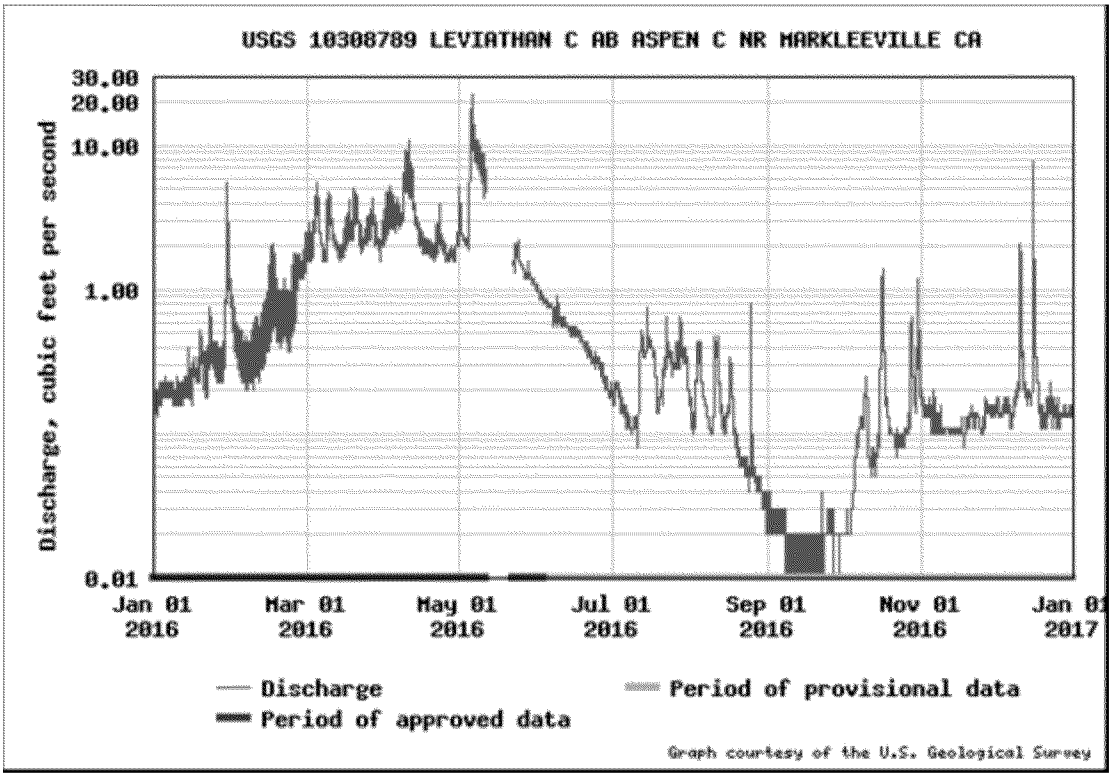
Streamflow on Leviathan Creek at Station 15 (downstream of the beaver complex but upstream of the confluence with Aspen Creek) increased from a pre-storm value of <0.2 cfs to a peak value of 40 cfs at 1900 January 8, and subsequently declined to 6.6 cfs at 0900 January 9.



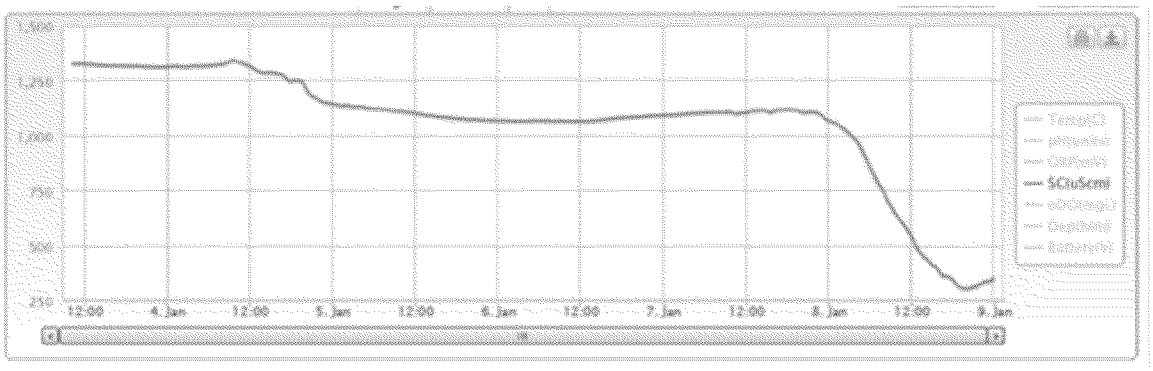
The 40 cfs peak flow is the second largest flowrate measured at this location. The largest flow, 68 cfs, was measured on December 31, 2005.

Other relatively large flowrates >20 cfs) occurred in 1999, 2010, 2011, and 2016.

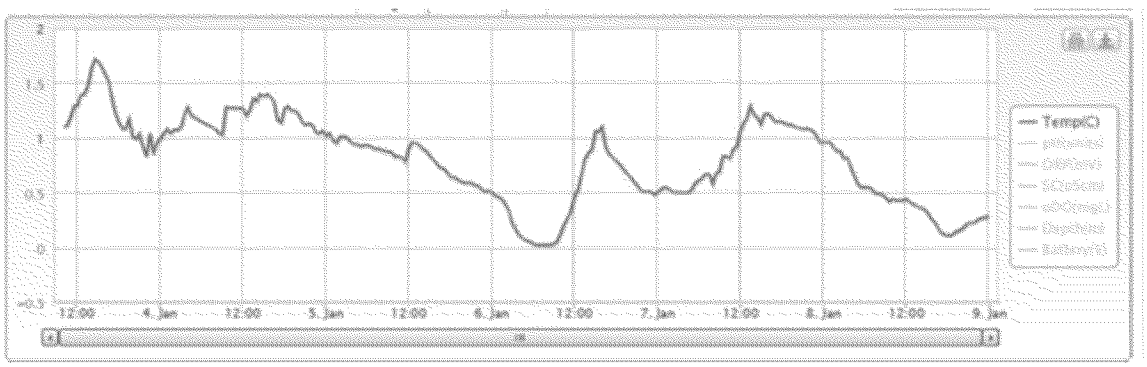

USGS 10308789 LEVIATHAN C AB ASPEN C NR MARKLEEVILLE CA
Annual Peak Streamflow, in cubic feet per second
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
2000
2002
2004
2006
2008
2010
2012
2014
2016


USGS 10308789 LEVIATHAN C AB ASPEN C NR MARKLEEVILLE CA
Discharge, cubic feet per second
30.00
20.00
10.00
1.00
0.01
Jan 01 2016
Mar 01 2016
May 01 2016
Jul 01 2016
Sep 01 2016
Nov 01 2016
Jan 01 2017
Discharge
Period of approved data
Period of provisional data
Graph courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey

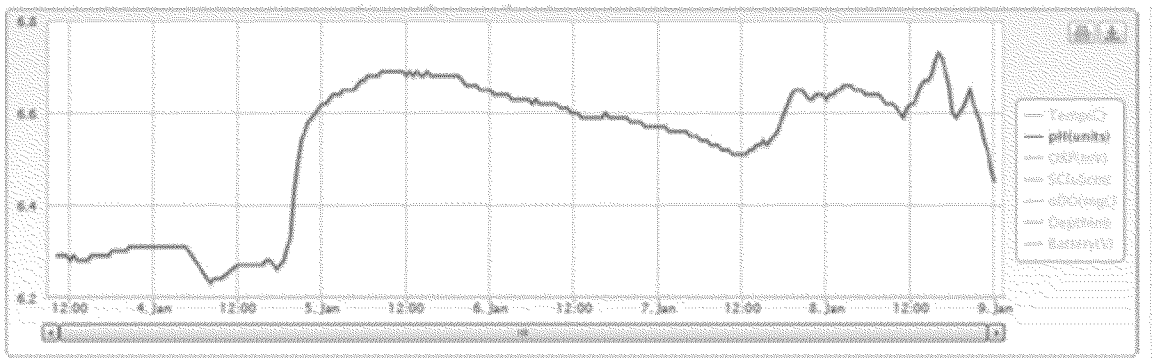
Specific conductance (SC) decreased from a pre-storm value of approximately 1100 uS/cm to a minimum of approximately 300 uS/cm at 2000 January 8, and increased slightly to approximately 350 uS/cm by 0900 January 9. This indicates that the storm runoff has lower dissolved solids, and hence lower SC, than does pre-storm baseflow. There was not a SC increase between 1600 and 1830 January 8 (see discussion of pH data below).



Water temperature declined from approximately 1 C to 0.1 C, and subsequently rebounded to approximately 0.3 C. The value of approximately 0 C during high flow is consistent with the storm runoff being composed largely of recently melted snow.



pH varied from a pre-storm value of ~6.5 to a maximum of 6.7 at 1600 January 8, followed by a drop to 6.6 at 1830, a rise to 6.65 at 2000, and a decline to approximately 6.45 by 0900 January 9. The current pH is comparable to pre-storm values. Note that the scale of the graph makes these relatively small changes – a few tenths of a pH unit – appear more dramatic than they actually are. Also note that the current pH is higher that the values of approximately 6.3 observed January 4.



Thanks,

Marc

Marc R. Lombardi, CEM, PG

Principal Geologist / Office Manager, Environment & Infrastructure Americas, Amec Foster Wheeler

10940 White Rock Road, Suite 190, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670, USA

D (916) 853-8903 M (916) 302-6326

marc.lombardi@amecfw.com amecfw.com

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